

Directions: Match the corresponding letter to the definition below using the blank provided

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|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| A. Separation of Powers | G. Full Faith and Credit | L. Inherent Powers |
| B. Checks and Balances | H. Privileges and Immunities | T. Exclusive Powers |
| C. Rule of Law | Z. Expressed Powers | N. Concurrent Powers |
| D. Judicial Review | W. Implied Powers | |
| E. Reserved Powers | | |

_____ those powers that both the National Government and States possess and exercise

_____ concept that the government and its officers are always subject to the law

_____ basic principle of the American system of government that the executive, legislative, and judicial powers are divided among three independent and coequal branches

_____ all citizens are entitled to certain privileges and immunities regardless of their state of residence

_____ the power of a court to determine the constitutionality of a government action

_____ system of overlapping the powers of the legislative, executive, and judicial branches to permit each branch to check the actions of the others

_____ those powers that the Constitution does not grant to the National Government and does not deny to the States

_____ those powers which can be exercised by the National Government alone

_____ those delegated powers of the National Government that are spelled out in the Constitution

_____ clause requiring that each state accept the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state

_____ those delegated powers of the National Government that are suggested by the expressed powers set out in the Constitution

_____ powers the Constitution is presumed to have delegated to the National Government